

# 2005 First Quarter Report to the Oregon Public Utility Commission May 12, 2005

This Energy Trust quarterly report is for the period January through March 2005 (Q1). It tracks progress toward 2005 and 2012 energy saving goals, with associated costs. It reports numbers of completed projects, incentives paid and highlights of Energy Trust activities during the quarter. Q1 financial reports are attached.

## I. QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

#### I. General

- Electricity-saving projects completed during the quarter will save 4.94 average megawatts at a cost of about \$1.9 million per average megawatt. This savings is about 15.5 percent of the target for 2005.
- Gas-saving projects completed during the quarter will save 450,533 therms at a cost of \$3.58 per therm. This savings is about 34 percent of the target for 2005.
- Renewable energy projects completed and committed during the quarter generate 0.074
  average megawatts at a cost of \$8.9 million per average megawatt. Renewable energy
  generation for the first quarter of 2005 totals 0.3% of the annual target. Progress has been
  slow due to the expiration of the federal production tax credit at the end of 2005 and the
  ongoing delay in the OPUC UMI129 docket.

#### 2. Residential programs

- Conducted 728 energy reviews and installed 6,573 compact fluorescent light bulbs in 219
  electrically heated homes, 494 homes with NW Natural heat and electric power from PGE or
  Pacific Power, 24 oil-heated homes, and 24 gas-heated homes with another source of
  electricity.
- Helped fund the purchase of 970 energy-efficient clothes washers and I energy-efficient dishwasher. These were installed in 414 homes with electric hot water and 557 homes with gas hot water.
- Installed energy-efficient measures such as sealed ducts, insulation, high efficiency space
  heating equipment and energy-efficient windows in 7,640 single-family, multifamily and
  manufactured homes. Of these, 4,470 homes received electric efficiency measures, 1,784
  received gas efficiency measures, and 1,385 received measures that saved both gas and
  electricity.

• Installed solar water heating systems in 10 homes with electric hot water and 3 homes with gas hot water.

## 3. Commercial programs

- Installed high efficiency measures such as energy-efficient lights and HVAC equipment in 216 commercial buildings, with an average incentive payment of \$3,421. Of this total, 211 buildings received electric efficiency measures and 60 buildings received gas efficiency measures.
- Completed 35 highly efficient new commercial buildings, with an average incentive payment of \$10,316.

### 4. Industrial programs

• Completed electric energy-saving projects at 75 manufacturing firms, with an average incentive payment of \$29,047.

#### 5. Renewable energy programs

- Completed installation of solar electric systems in 20 homes and 6 commercial buildings.
- Made little progress on major wind projects with PGE and Pacific Power, pending reauthorization of the production tax credit.
- Completed a comparative analysis of biomass and biopower development options in Oregon. This study provides the basis for design of a targeted program for biopower.

### 6. Revenues and Expenditures

- Received \$16.1 million during the quarter.
- Spent \$11.6 million.
- Provided \$6.3 million in incentives to end users.

#### 7. OPUC Performance Measures

 Performance against the following 2005 Performance Measures agreed upon in September 2004 will be reported in the 2005 annual report.

Category	Measures
Energy Efficiency	At least 20aMW computed on 3-year rolling avg.
	Levelized savings at \$0.02/kWh
Natural Gas	700,000 therms computed on 3-year rolling avg.
	Levelized cost not to exceed \$0.30/therm
Renewable Resources	At least 15aMW
Financial Integrity	Unqualified financial audit
Administrative and Program	Keep below 11% of revenues
Support Costs	
Customer Satisfaction	Achieve reasonable rates
Benefit/Cost Ratios	Report these for larger conservation programs
	starting Q2 2005 report

#### II. TABLES

# I. Revenues

Source	Actual revenues received QI Budgeted revenues QI			
Portland General Electric	\$ 7.7 million	\$ 7.8 million		
PacifiCorp	5.1 million	5.1 million		
NW Natural	3.3 million	3.3 million		
Total	\$16.1 million	\$16.2 million		

# 2. Expenditures

Туре	Actual Expenditures Q1	Budgeted Expenditures QI
Energy Efficiency programs	\$ 10.4 million	\$12.4 million
Renewable Resources programs	.6 million	I.2 million
Administration	.6 million	.8 million
Total	\$ I I.6 million	\$14.4 million

# 3. Incentives Paid

	Energy Efficiency			Renewabl	Total	
	PGE	Pacific Power	NW Natural	PGE Pacific Power		
QI	\$3,053,615	\$2,051,347	\$926,979	\$73,510	\$157,058	\$6,262,509
Q2						
Q3						
Q4						
Total	\$3,053,615	\$2,051,347	\$926,979	\$73,510	\$157,058	\$6,262,509

# 4. Savings and Generation

**Electric efficiency savings.** In the first quarter of 2005, Energy Efficiency programs achieved 15.5% of the 2005 projection of 31.86 aMW. Since March 1, 2002, these programs have cumulatively saved 63.58 aMW, or 21.2% of the Energy Trust's 2012 goal.

Electric Efficiency Savings Q1 2005	PGE aMW	Pacific Power aMW	Total Savings <sup>*</sup> aMW	Expenses	mil \$ /	Levelized Cost/kWh
Residential	1.20	0.67	1.87	\$2,540,592	\$1.36	\$0.01
Commercial	0.76	0.46	1.21	2,337,926	1.93	0.03
Industrial	0.83	1.03	1.86	4,421,450	2.38	0.02
Total Energy Efficiency Programs	2.81	2.13	4.94	\$9,299,968	\$1.88	\$0.02

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<sup>\*</sup> Includes transmission & distribution savings

Gas efficiency savings. In the first quarter of 2005, efficiency programs saved 450,533 annual therms of natural gas, representing 34% of the 2005 projection of 1.316 million annual therms. Since gas programs began in 2003, cumulative savings of 1,913,141 annual therms have been realized, accounting for 10.1% of the 2012 goal.

Gas Efficiency Savings Q1 2005	NWN Therms	Expenses	\$ / Therm	Levelized Cost/Therm
Residential	334,815	\$1,302,725	\$3.89	\$0.21
Commercial	115,718	308,392	2.67	0.20
Industrial	0		0	0
Total Energy Efficiency Programs	450,533	\$1,611,117	\$3.58	\$0.20

**Renewable energy generation.** In the first quarter of 2005, renewable energy generation projects completed and committed account for 0.3% of the annual goal of 26.6 aMW.

Actual	PGE aMW	Pacific Power aMW	Total Generation aMW	2005 Expenses	mil \$ / aMW	Levellized Cost/kWh
Utility Scale	0	0	0	\$26,522	n/a	n/a
Solar Photovoltaic	0.015	0.059	0.074	382,406	\$5.17	\$0.04
Wind	0	0	0	54,415	n/a	n/a
Open Solicitation	0	0.000	0	85,713	n/a	n/a
Biopower	0	0	0	107,059	n/a	n/a
Total Renewable						
Programs	0.015	0.059	0.074	\$656,116	\$8.87	\$0.07

5. Projects Completed

<b>Energy Efficiency Installed Projects</b>		Total	Electric	Gas	Both
Residential					
Single family homes retrofitted		3,831	816	1,631	1,38 <del>4</del>
Multifamily units retrofitted		3,589	3,477	112	0
Efficient Home Products rebates		972	488	54	430
Home Energy Reviews conducted		747	217	530	0
Efficient New Homes constructed		213	5	171	37
Manufactured homes retrofitted		178	172	5	- 1
SHOW CFL packages mailed		24	24	0	0
Residential Solar Hot Water installations		13	10	3	0
Commercial sites treated					
Building Efficiency sites treated		215	155	5	55
New Building Efficiency sites treated		41	30	- 11	0
Solar Hot Water Commercial installations		I	I	0	0
Industrial sites treated		75	75	0	0
	TOTAL EFFICIENCY	9,899	5,470	2,522	1,907

Renewable Energy Installed Projects	Total	Electric	Gas	Both
Utility-scale projects installed	0	0	0	0
Solar Electric residential installations	20	20	0	0
Solar Electric commercial installations	6	6	0	0
Community wind projects installed	0	0	0	0
Open Solicitation projects installed	0	0	0	0
TOTAL RENEWABLES	26	26	0	0

Table 5 and corresponding information in the narrative refer to numbers of efficiency and renewable energy projects. We define "projects" to be completed installations or services at one location ("site"), with certain exceptions:

- A Home Energy Review, with CFL installation, counts as one project. If that home subsequently installs one or more measures, this installation counts as a separate project.
- Each apartment unit treated counts as one project.
- Each manufactured home is counts as one project.
- An industrial process study counts as one project. Subsequent measure installation counts as a separate project.
- Measures installed in separate facilities within a large industrial complex count as separate projects.