

NET ZERO EMERGING LEADER INTERNSHIP

SALAZAR ARCHITECT INC | ENERGY TRUST OF OREGON

2022

Nasrin Golshany

Dorian McCall

SALAZARARCHITECT^{inc}



Successful Strategies and Design Processes that
Impact Occupants and Building Operations

Interns



Nasrin Golshany

Nasring@uoregon.edu

Ph.D. Candidate
School of Architecture and Environment
University of Oregon



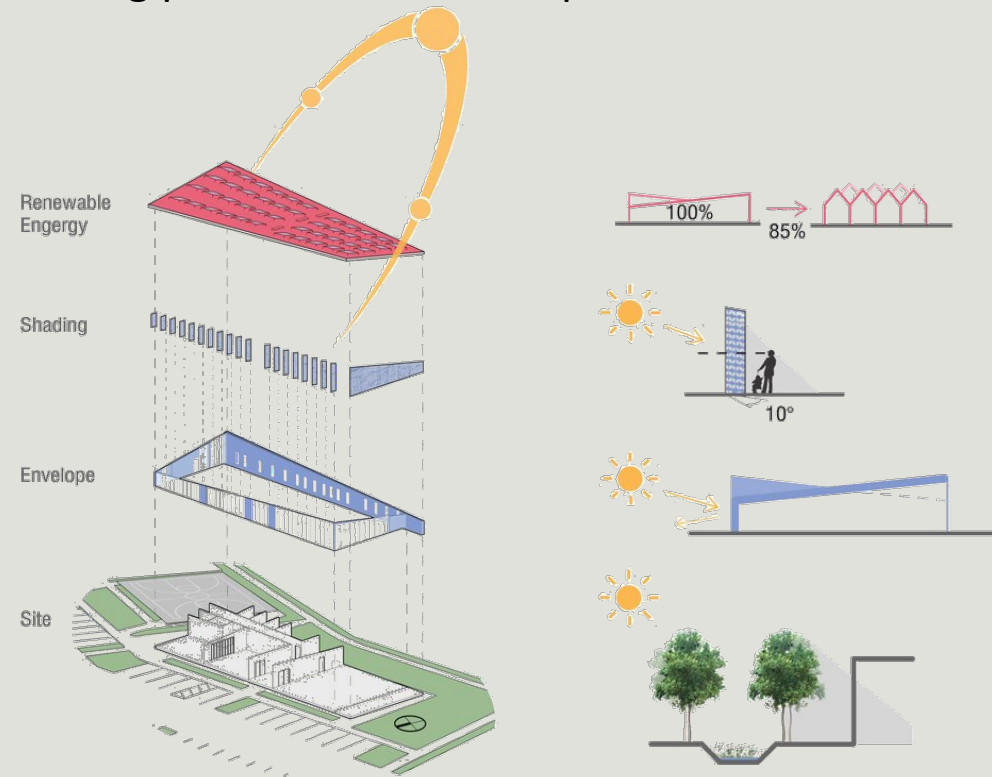
Dorian McCall

dmccall@uoregon.edu

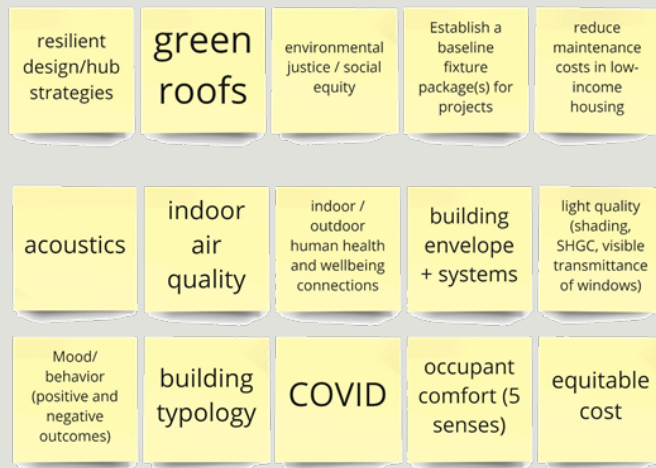
Masters of Architecture &
Historical Preservation
School of Architecture and Environment
University of Oregon

Introduction

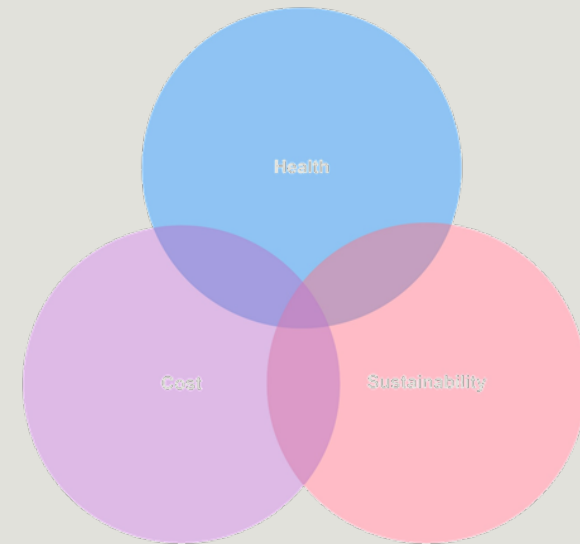
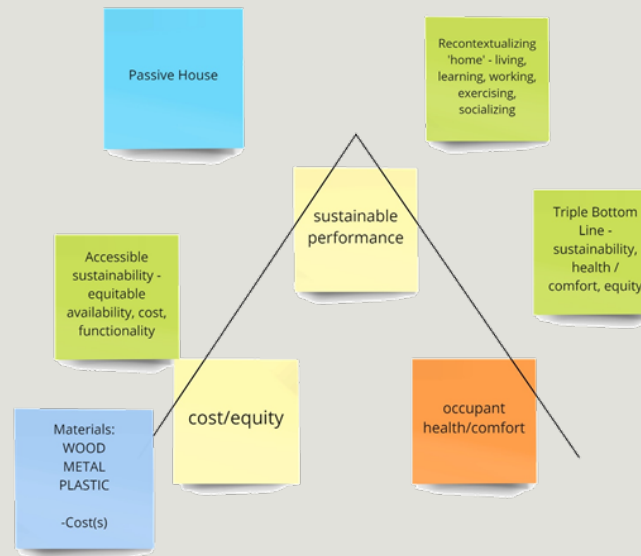
Salazar Architect Inc. was proud to become a signatory of the AIA 2030 Commitment in 2019, the same year that Salazar first submitted the energy modeling portfolio to the DDx platform.



Research Background



1. Research envelope + systems strategies (Passive House, current Salazar projects, etc)
 - a. assemblies, details of these strategies
2. How do the strategies above affect occupant health and behavior
3. What is an achievable middle ground that can be incorporated into affordable/equitable housing?



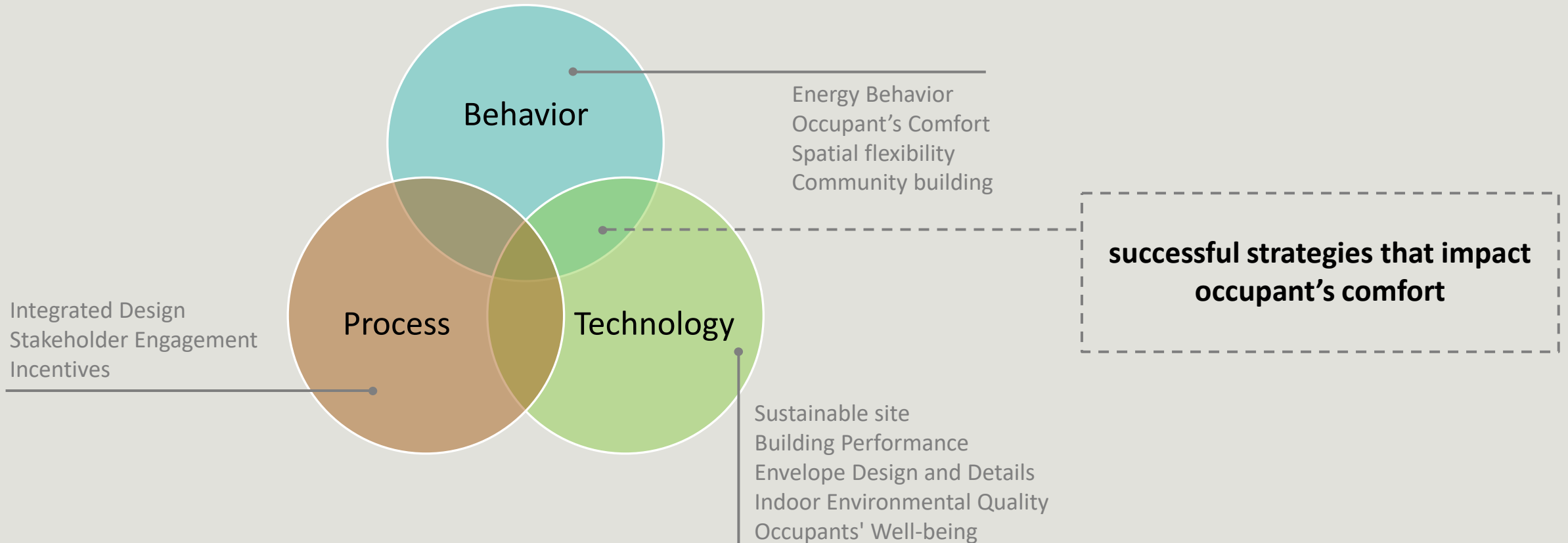
Parameters

1. Window position / orientation
2. Window to wall ratio
3. Materials
 - a. Frame
 - b. Insulated glazing unit (IGU)
 - i. SHGC
 - ii. u-value
 - iii. visual transmittance
4. Energy performance / EUI (COVE modeling)

Dependent Parameters

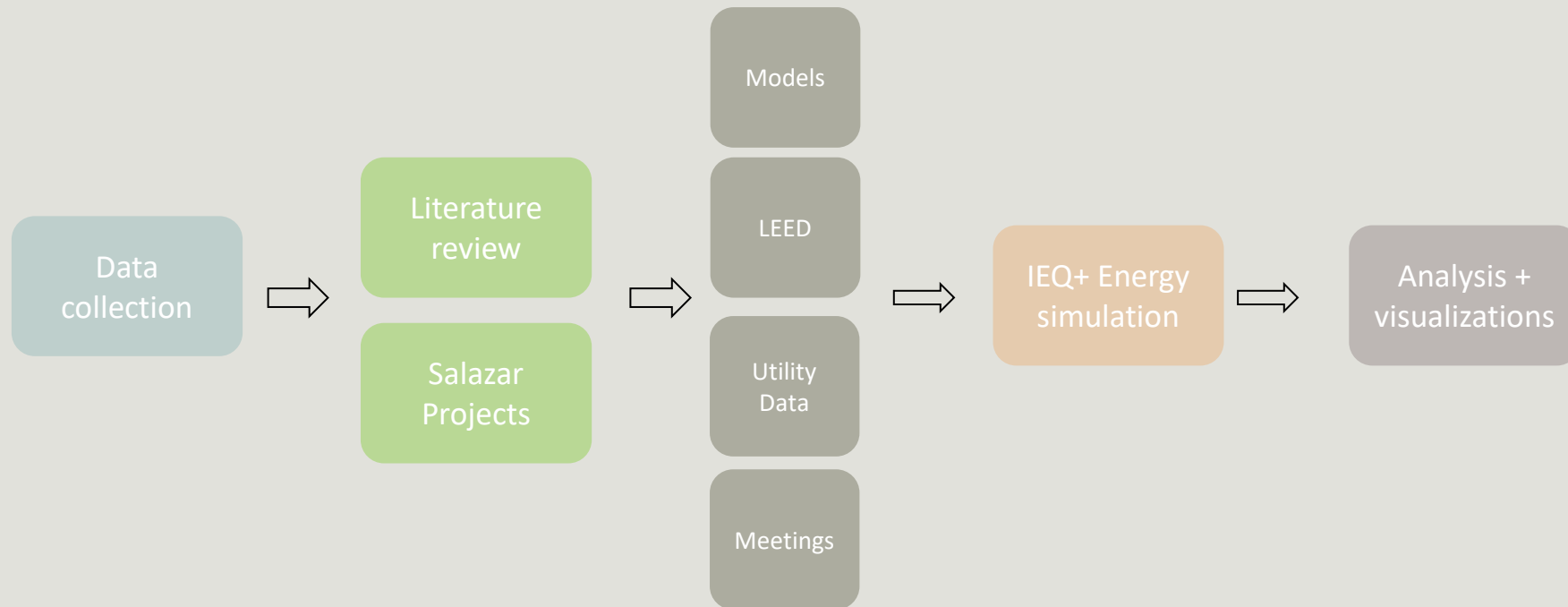
1. Visual comfort
2. Thermal comfort

Net Zero Building Definition



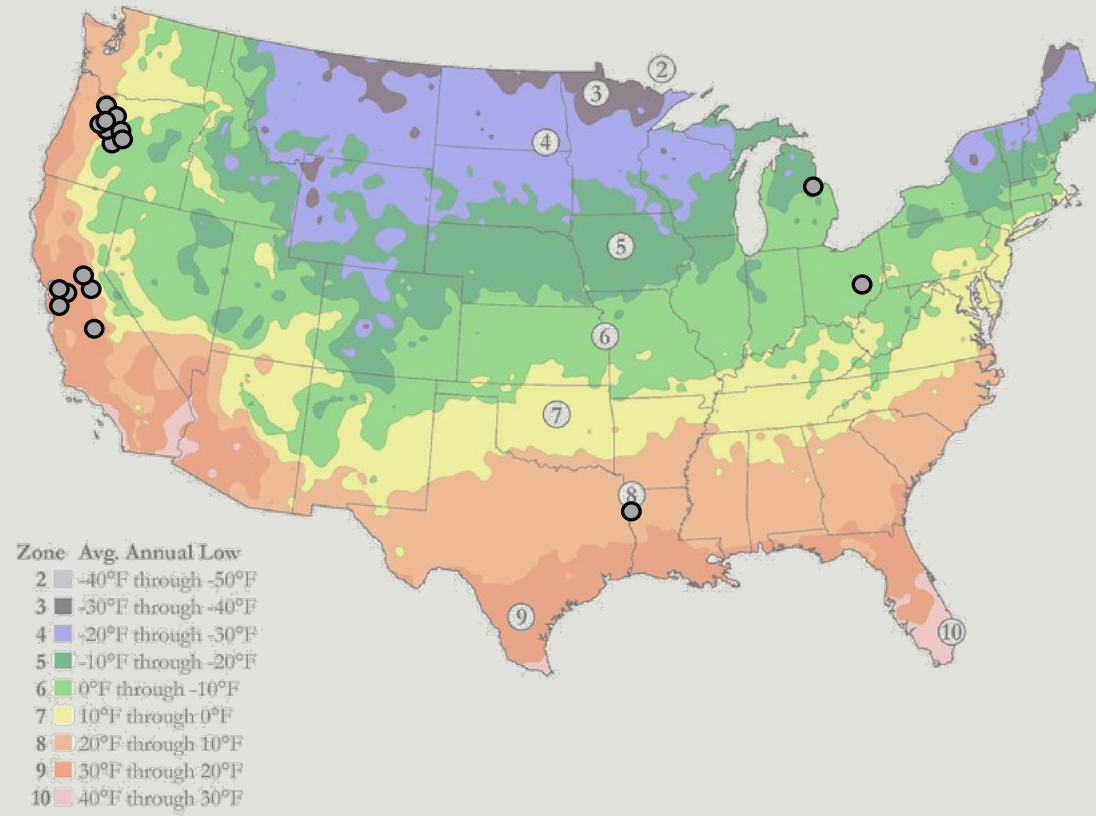
Methods And Research Work

Comparative Case Study + Simulations + Analysis



Project Data In Salazar Architect

Affordable Housing

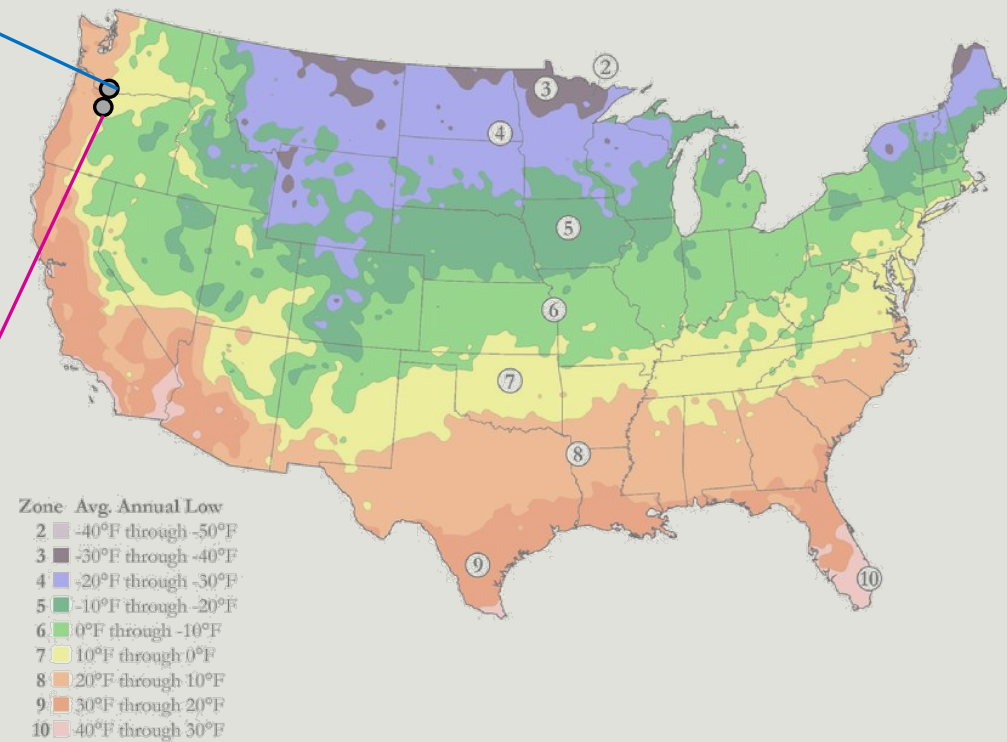


Comparative Analysis

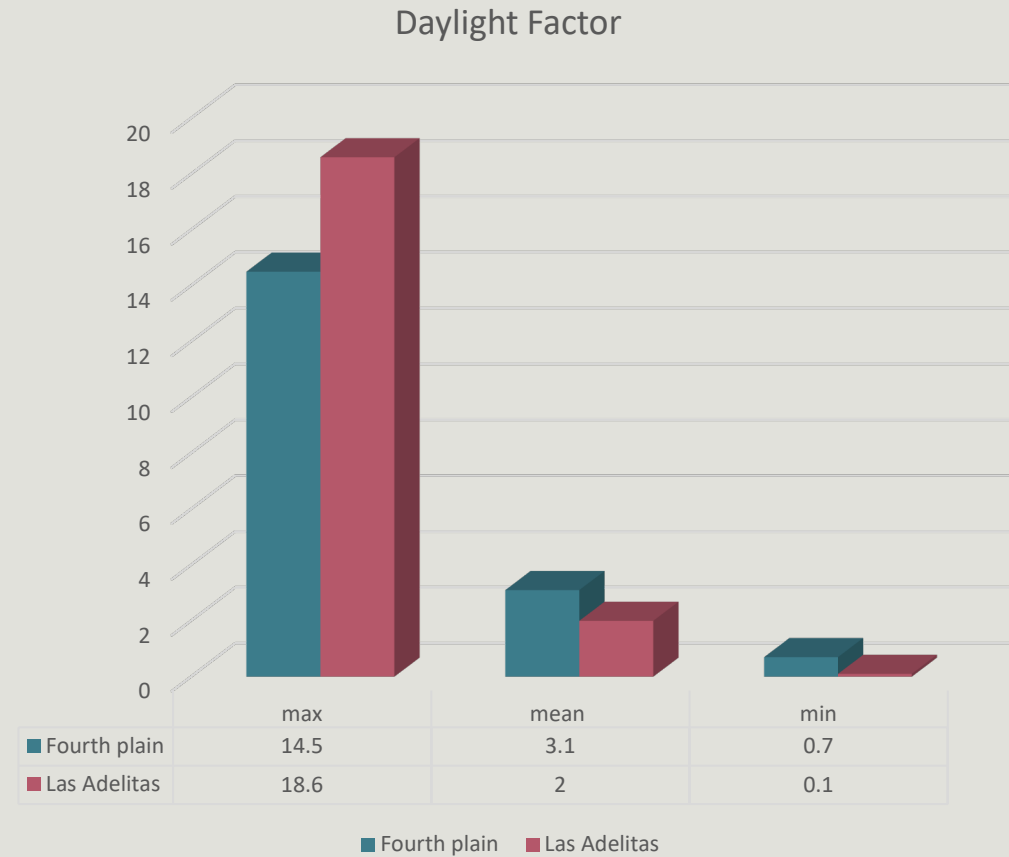
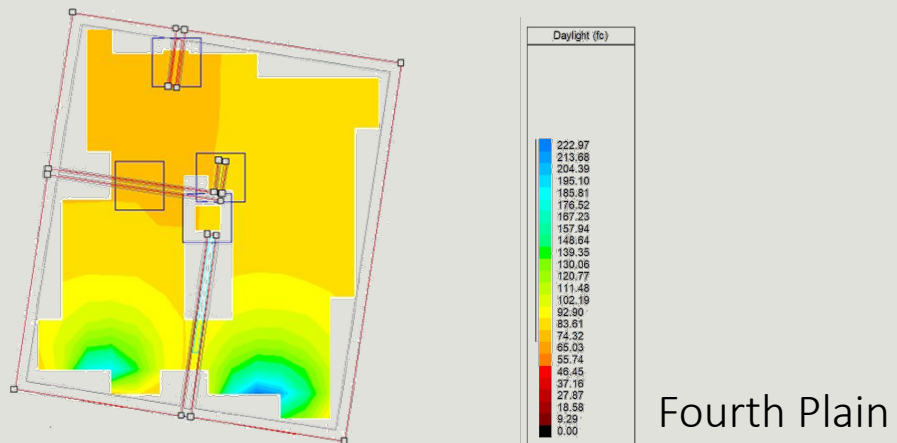
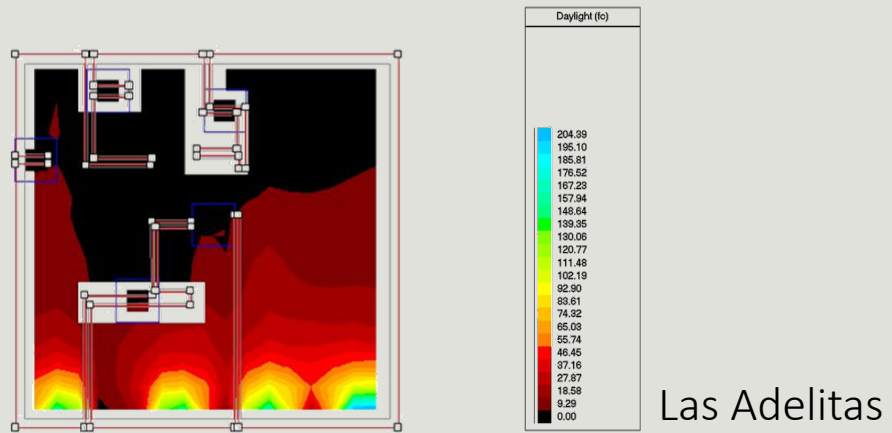
- Fourth Plain
(Includes community commons, affordable public housing, public plaza, and community-serving commercial space)



- Las Adelitas
(affordable and permanent supportive housing, event hall, and public plaza)



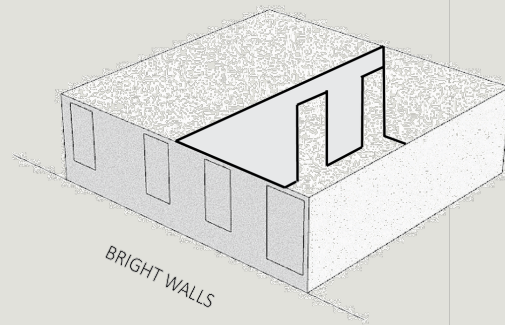
Las Adelitas Vs Fourth Plain (South Facing Units)



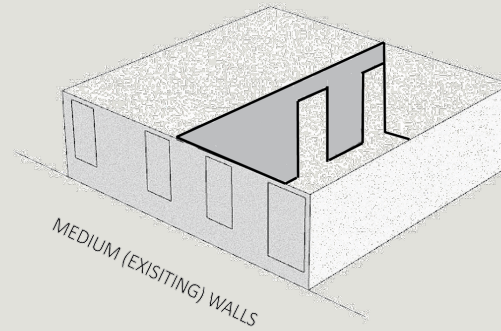
Proposed Solutions

Color

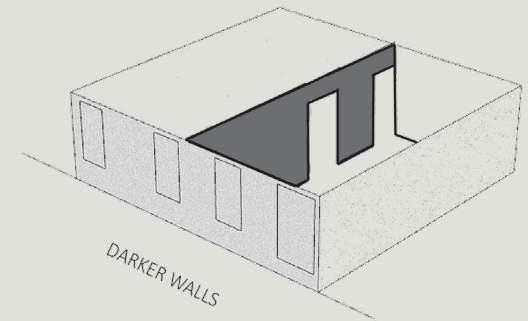
- Bright
- Medium (Existing)
- Dark



RV: 90%



RV: %60

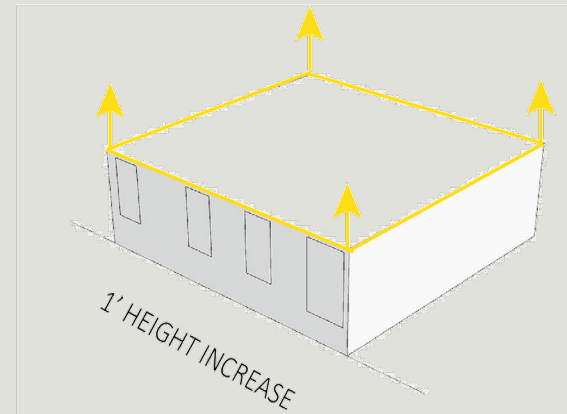
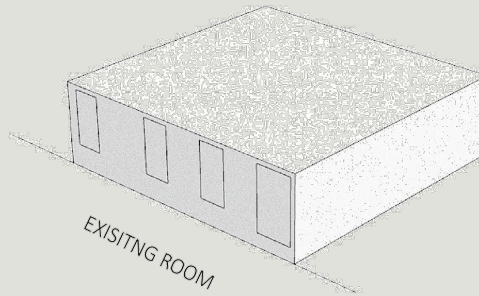


RV: %10

Proposed Solutions

Height

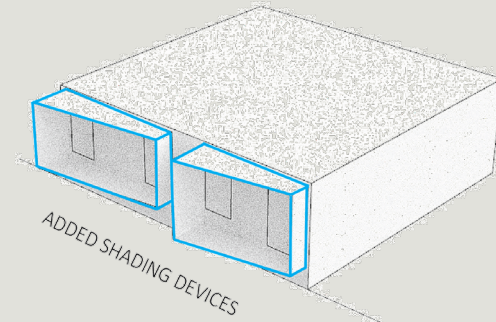
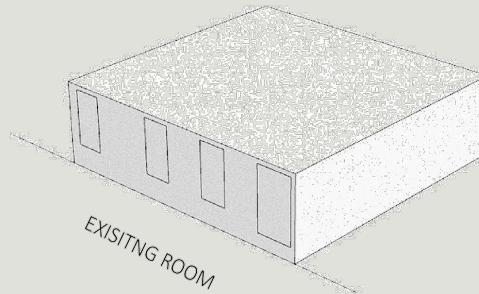
- Existing: 9' Ceilings
- New Height: 10' Ceilings



Proposed Solutions

Shading

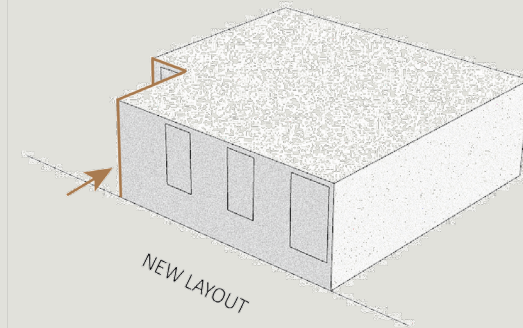
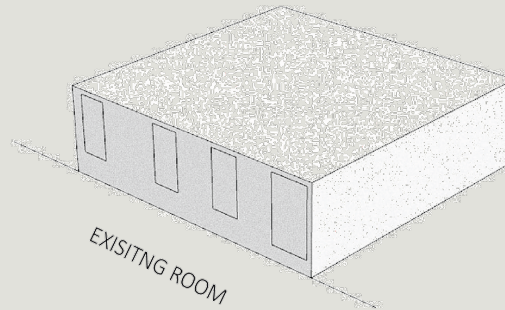
- No Shading
- Added Shading



Proposed Solutions

Layout

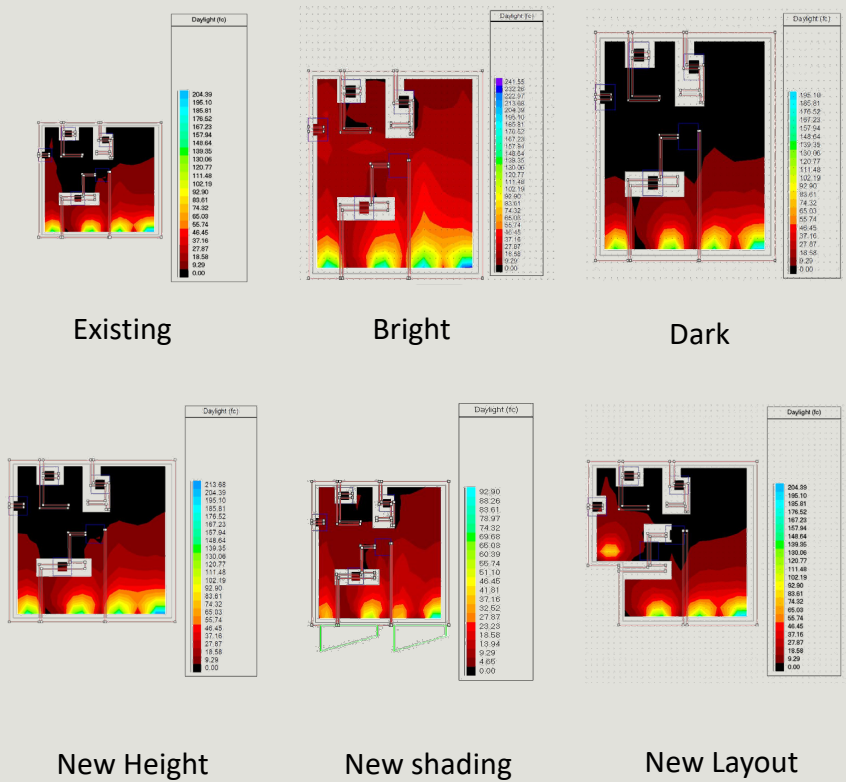
- Existing
- New Layout



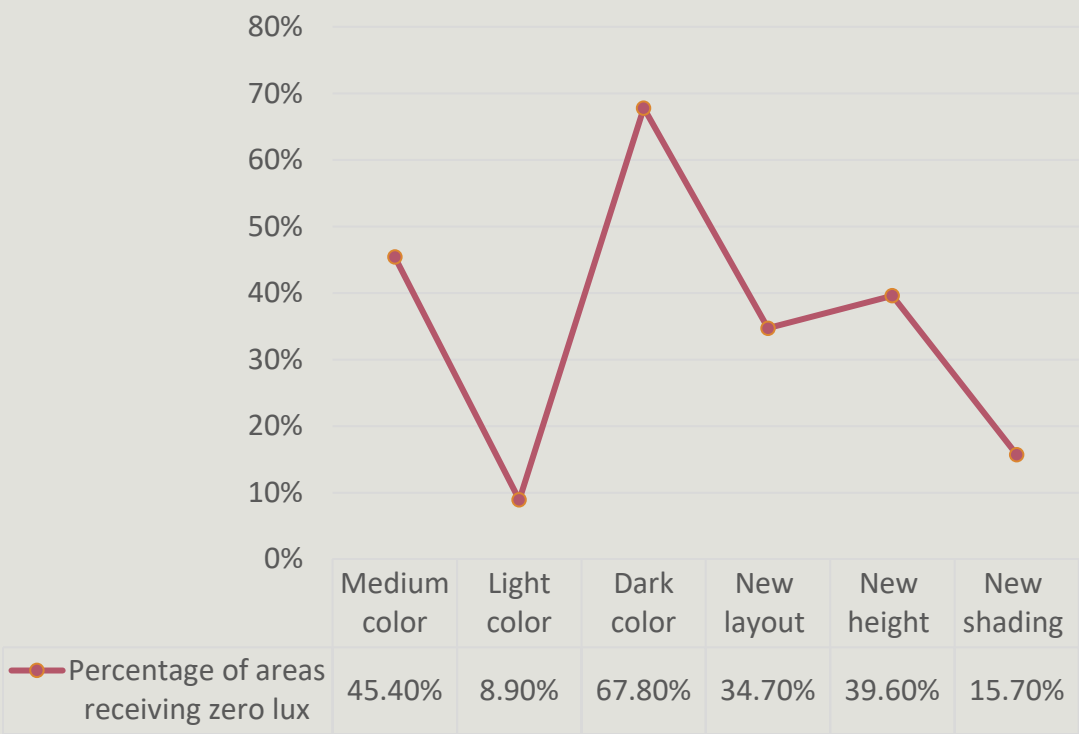
Occupants And Building Operation Variables

- ☐ Daylight glare probability (living rooms/ south rooms)
- ☐ Daylight performance (Spatial daylight autonomy, useful daylight illumination)
- ☐ Annual solar exposure

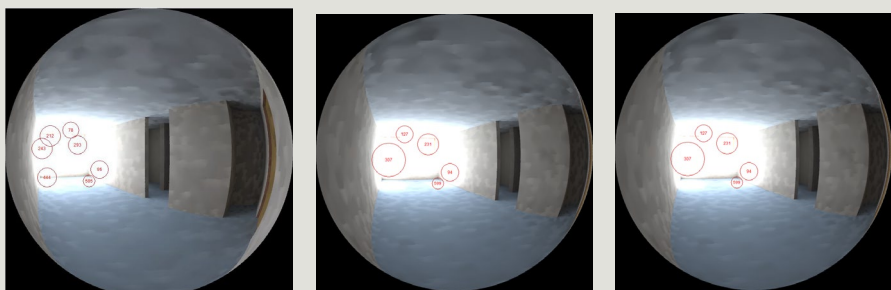
Illuminance



Percentage of Areas Receiving Zero Lux



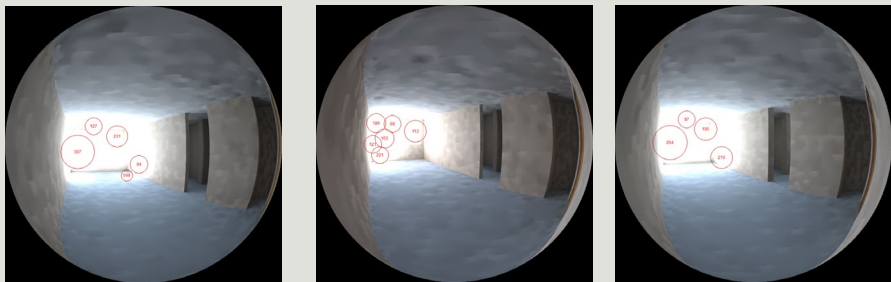
Luminance



Existing

Bright

Dark

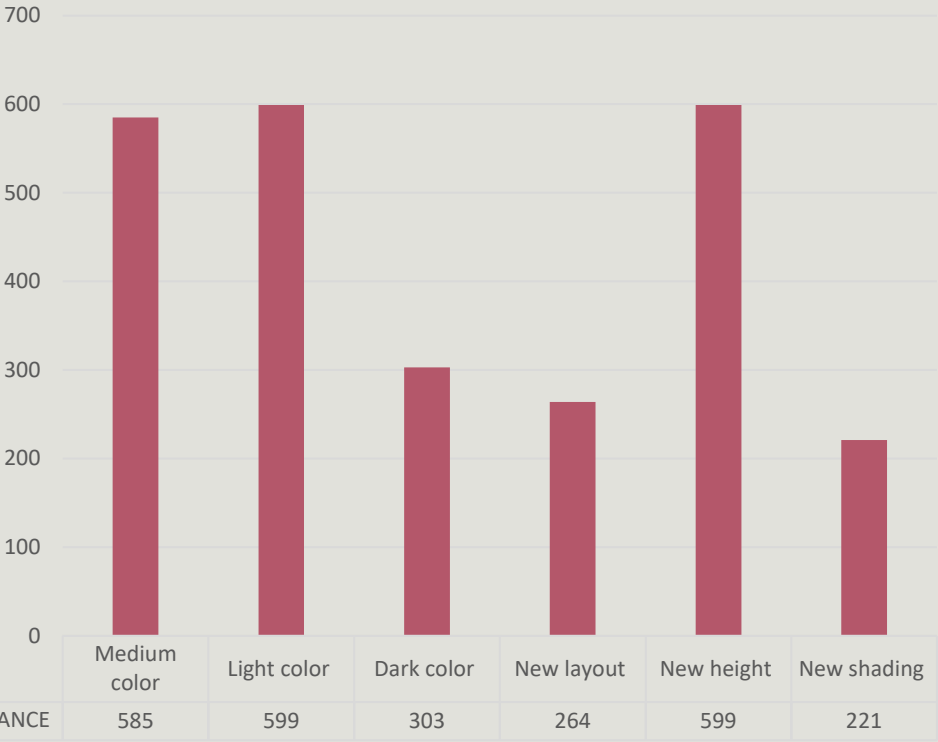


New Height

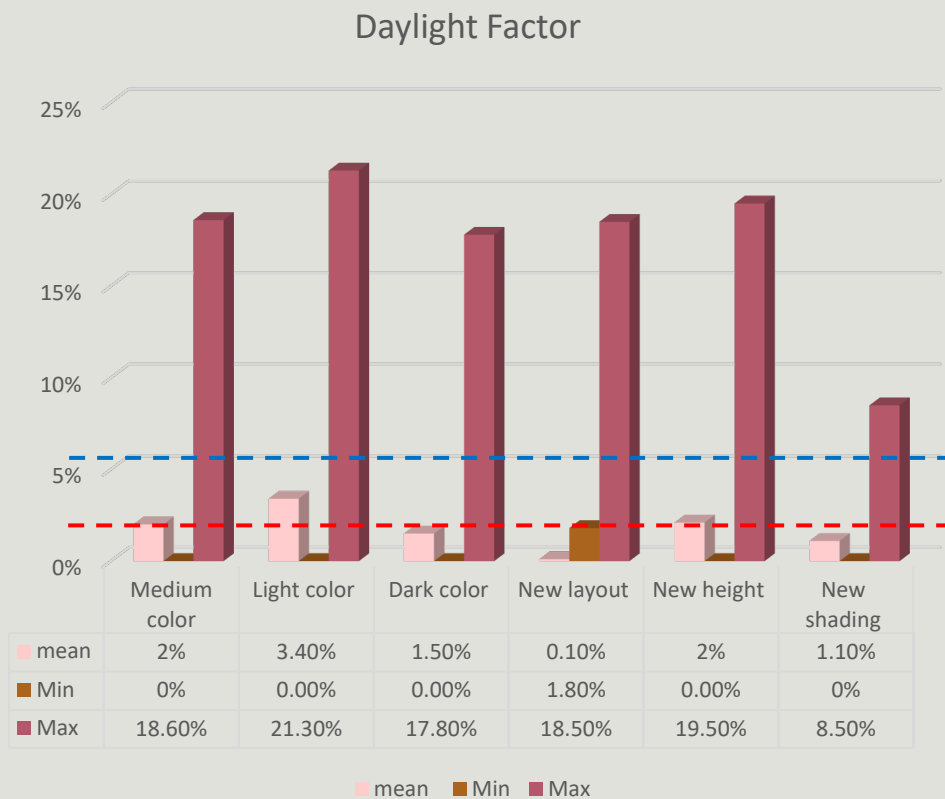
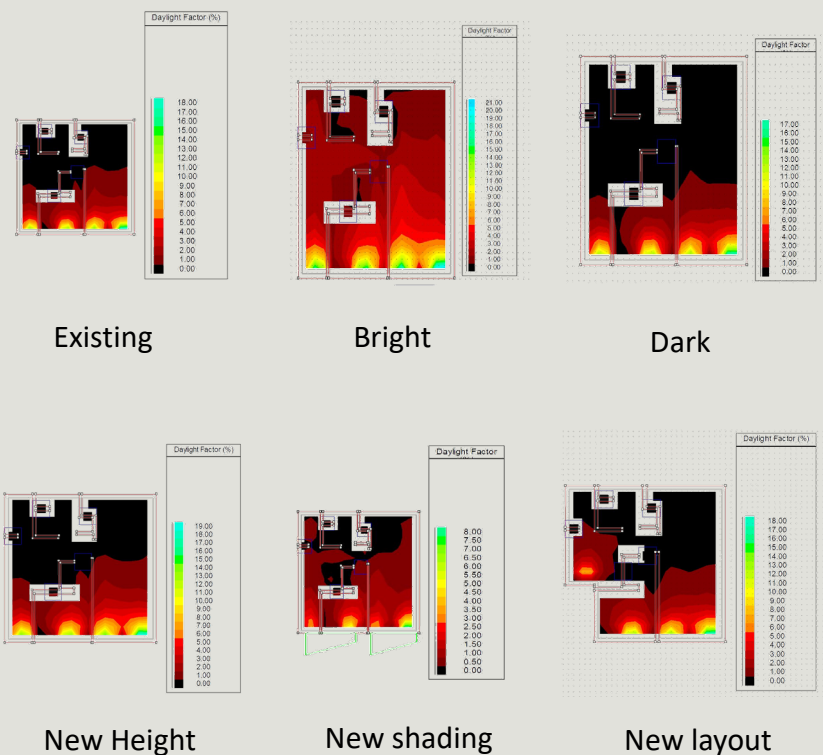
New shading

New layout

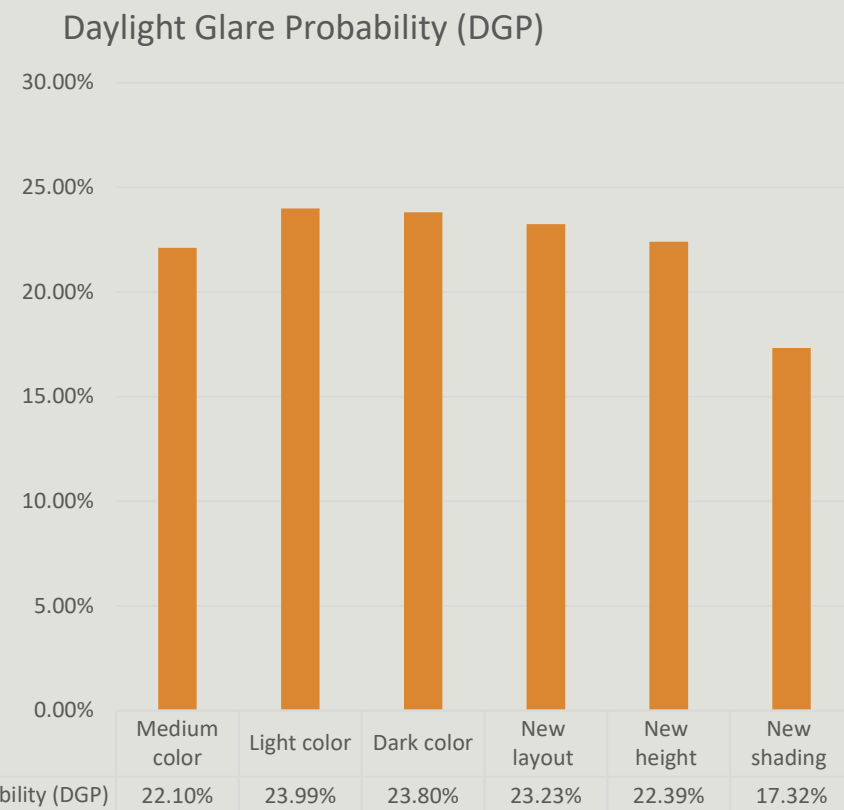
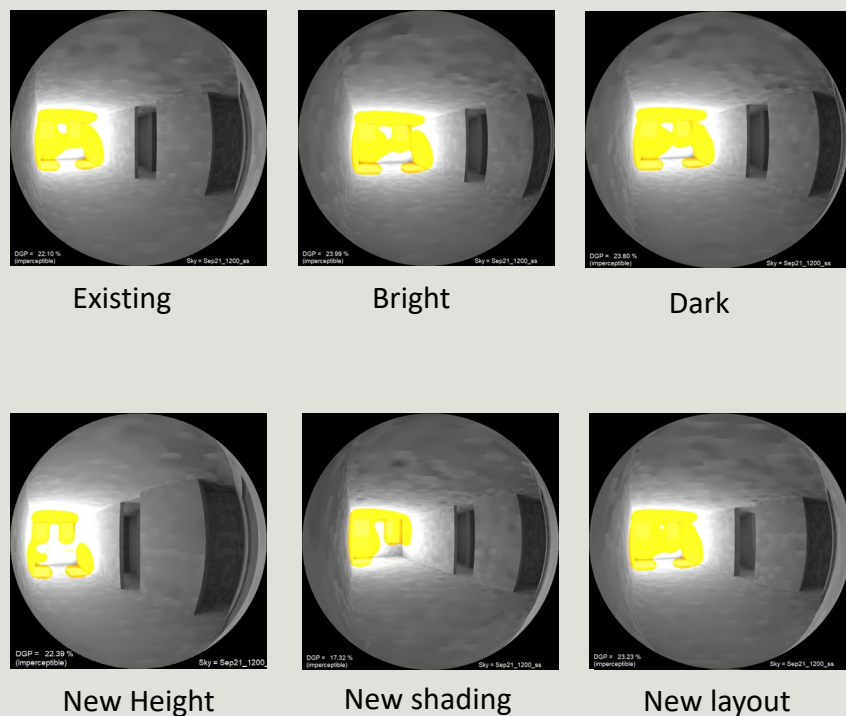
Luminance (Candelas/ft²⁰)



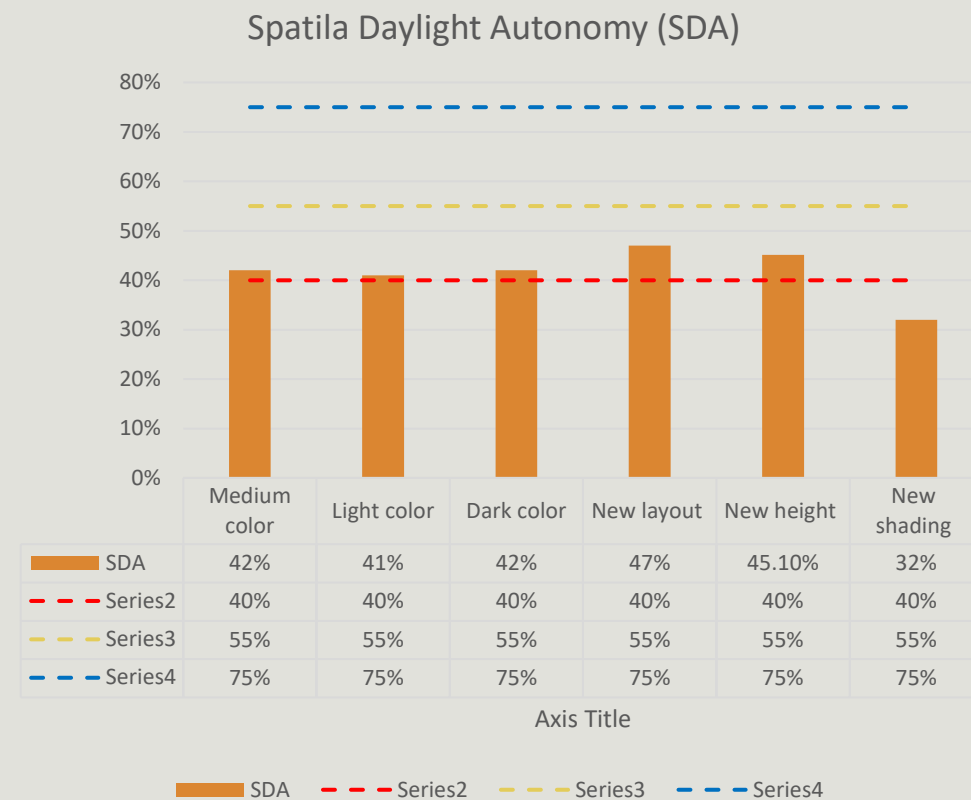
Daylight Factor (DF)



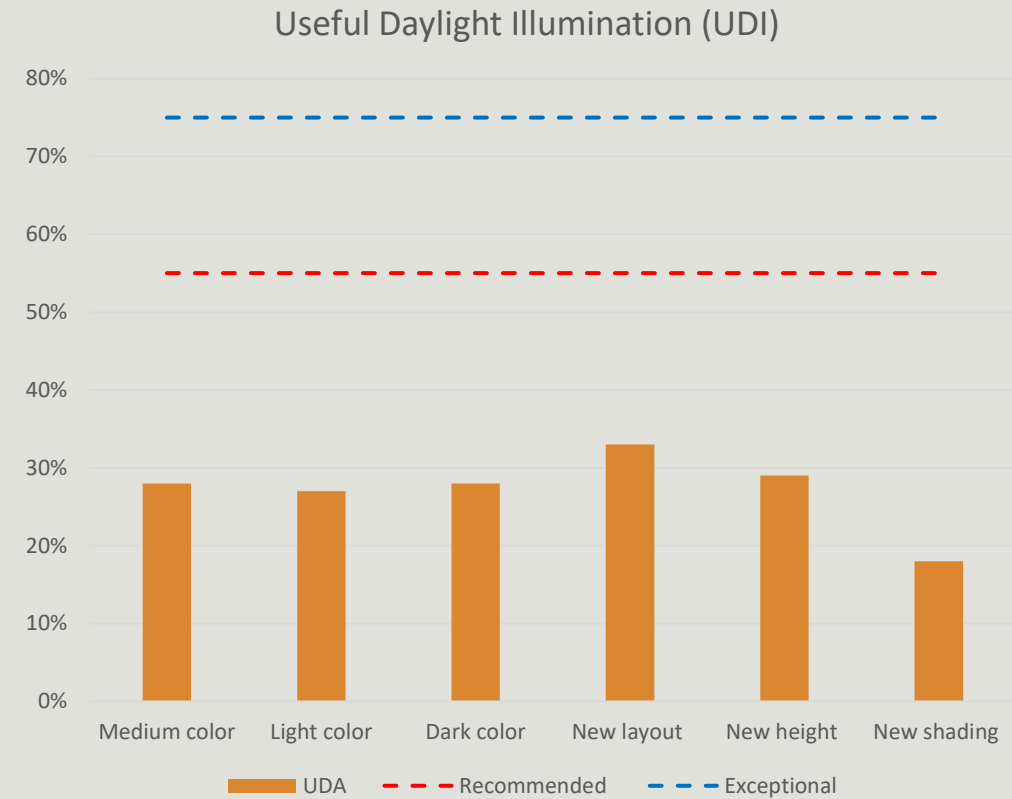
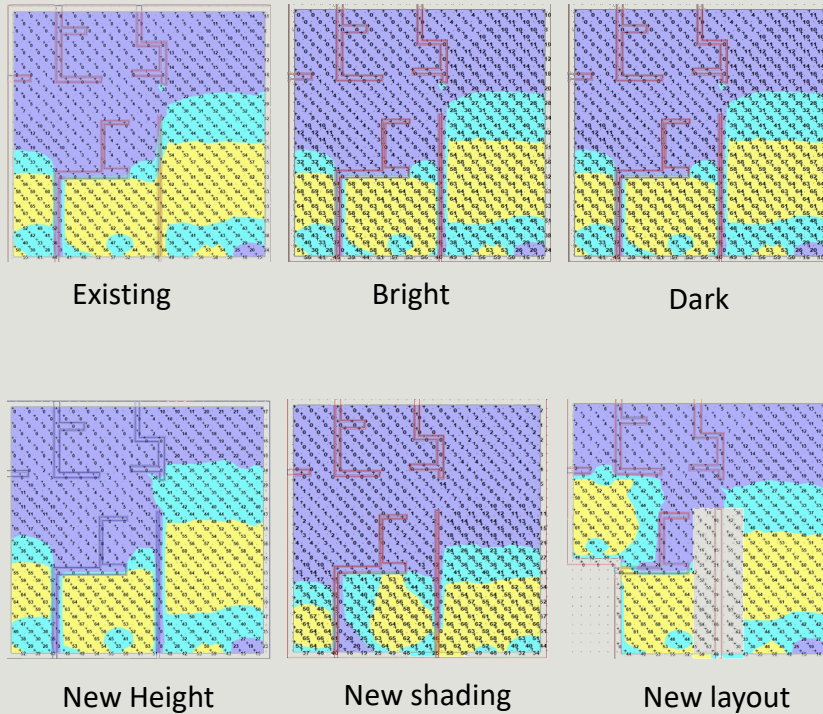
Daylight Glare Probability (DGP)



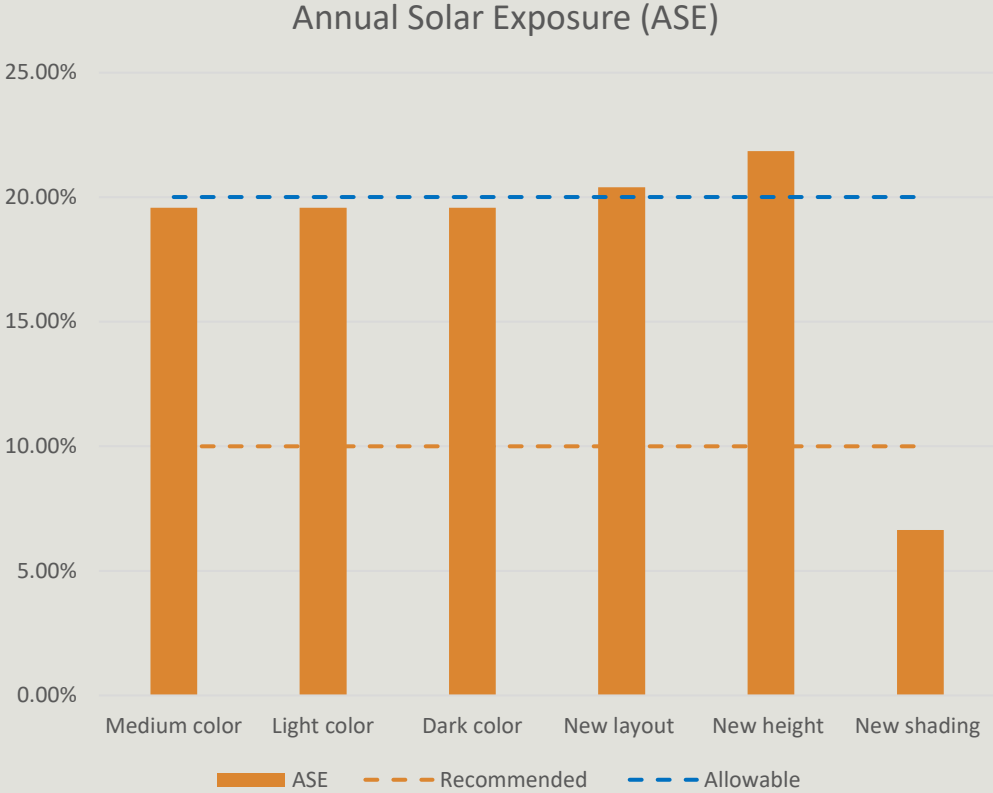
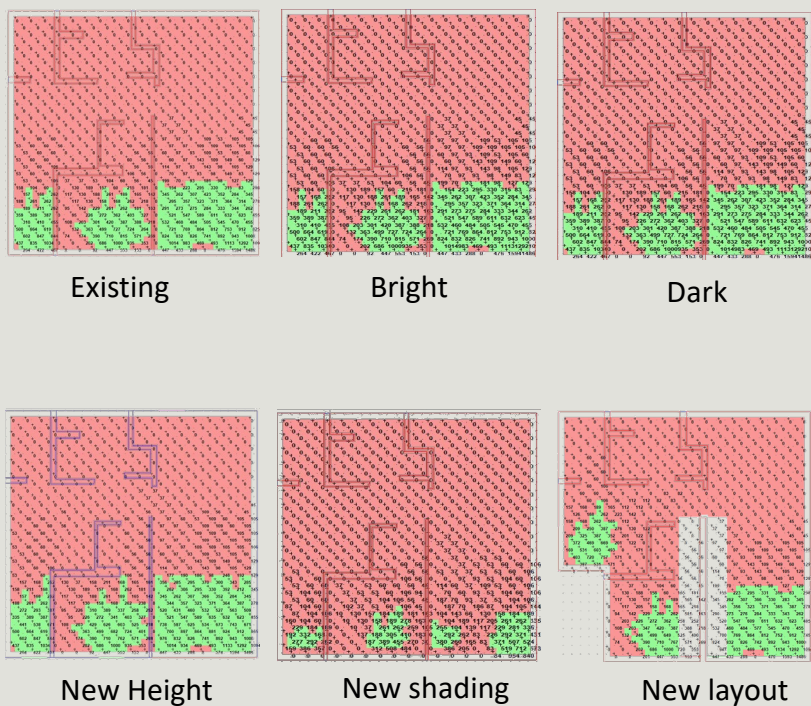
Daylight Performance (Spatial Daylight Autonomy)



Daylight Performance (Useful Daylight Illuminance)



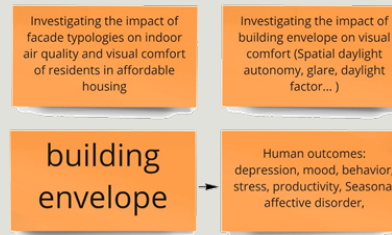
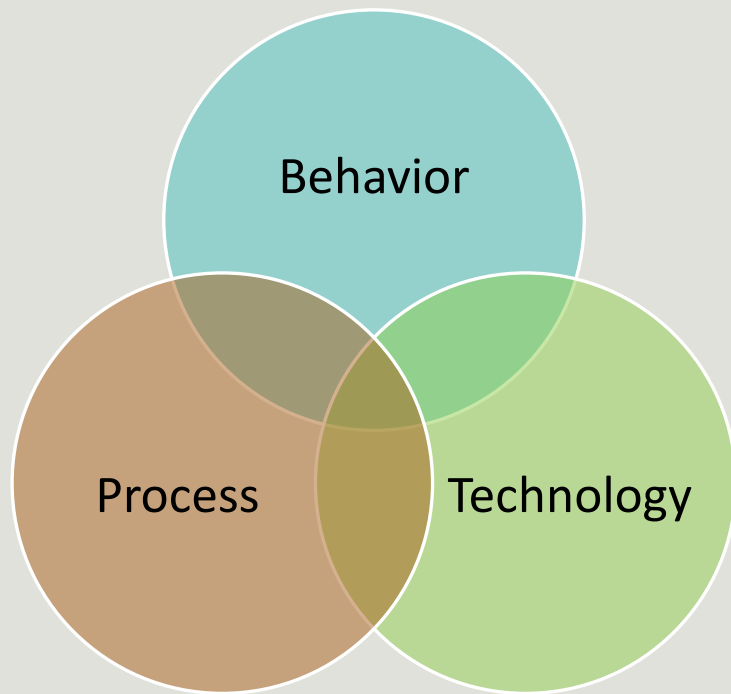
Daylight Performance (Annual Solar Exposure)



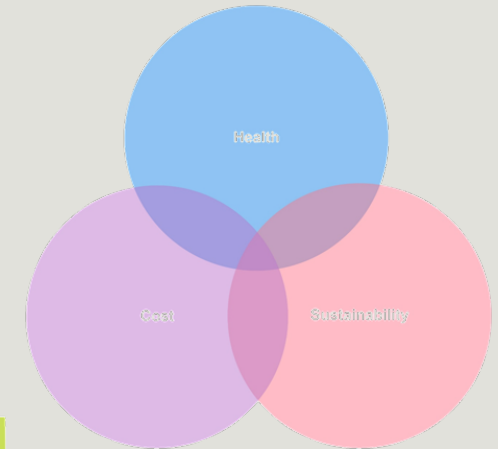
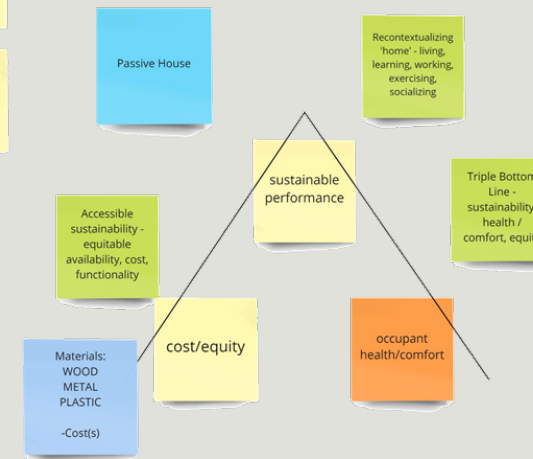
Lessons Learned

- ❑ The current status of the Salazar project is promising. Projects that have some deficiencies regarding the occupant's comfort can be improved by some simple cost-effective strategies.
- ❑ The process of designing, constructing, and operating sustainable affordable housing is integrated and requires education, early planning, and a multidisciplinary approach.
- ❑ Resources and research findings provide a great opportunity to investigate the best design strategies and metrics that not only impact the building performance but also occupant's performance and comfort.

Future Studies



1. Research envelope + systems strategies (Passive House, current Salazar projects, etc)
 - a. assemblies, details of these strategies
2. How do the strategies above affect occupant health and behavior
3. What is an achievable middle ground that can be incorporated into affordable/equitable housing?



Parameters

1. Window position / orientation
2. Window to wall ratio
3. Materials
 - a. Frame
 - b. Insulated glazing unit (IGU)
 - i. SHGC
 - ii. u-value
 - iii. visual transmittance
4. Energy performance / EUI (COVE modeling)

Dependent Parameters

1. Visual comfort
2. Thermal comfort

Thank you